1 PLACE OF D	e d	tration Distric	BUR:	STATE BOAF EAU OF VITAL ST CERTIFICATE OF D	
City 2FULL NAME	Charles	ry Registration	Hestwit 81.	Registered No	If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS			MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
Male Sol	OR RACE MARRIED WIDOWED	iarried	16 DATE OF DEATH	(Month)	(Day) (Year)
6 DATE OF BIRTH			17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from		
ang. 18 1876			20,1916 10 3-6-271916		
(Manth) (Day) (Year)			that I last saw houselive on 2 1915		
7 AGE  3 9 6 7 1 LESS than I dayhrs. ormin.?			and that death occurred, on the date stated above, atm.		
			The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:		
8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or moulder particular kind of work			108 Loba	7 Preu	morre
(b) General nature of industry business or establishment in which employed (or employer)				. 612	P
9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country)  State or foreign country)				Ouration)yrs	ds.
10 NAME OF FATHER	Pames /	Pinke	CONTRIBUTORY (Secondary)	yra.	mos ds.
11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country)  12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER  13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)  MAO,		(Stoned) 4 1916	(Address)	erson D. D.	
		*State the Disease Caus (1) Means of Injury; and (	sing Death, or, in deaths h	om Violent Causes, state Suicidal or Homicidal.	
		18 LENGTH OF RESIDENC or Recent Residente) At place	In the	,	
14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE			of deathyrsmosds. Stateyrsmosds.  Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?		
(Informant)	Sable	u De	Former or usual regidence	<i>A</i>	
(Address)	C. A. T.		19 PLACE OF BURIAL PA	EMOVAL DA	TE OF BURIAL
15 Filed 1-28	1916 a.m.a	agg	20 UNDERTAKER	AD AD	DRESS

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman. (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary). may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia." "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e.g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)